

## uctur.pas

```

manhole_cost      = zero
bur_structure     = zero
ugd_structure     = zero
aer_structure     = zero

{ Calculate soil texture impact }

soil_texture_indicator = 0
for i = 1 to NumTaxTypes
  if SurfText[i].texture = soil_texture then
    soil_texture_indicator = SurfText[i].impact
  end if
next
/* should sort the SurfText array, use binary search

{ Calculate structure distribution }

if feeder_indicator = 0 then          { this is for distribution plant }

  for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
    if density >= DistPlantMix[i].density then
      pct_ugd = DistPlantMix[i].UgdPct
      pct_bur = DistPlantMix[i].BurPct
      pct_aer = DistPlantMix[i].AerPct
    end if
  next
else                                { this is for feeder plant }

  for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
    if density >= CapFeedPlantMix[i].density then
      pct_ugd = CapFeedPlantMix[i].UgdPct
      pct_bur = CapFeedPlantMix[i].BurPct
      pct_aer = CapFeedPlantMix[i].AerPct
    end if
  next
end if
/* should set a density_index variable for use in all subsequent calculations, density does not change

{ Get sharing information }

for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
  if density >= sharing[i].density then
    ugd_share = sharing[i].Ugd_share
    bur_share = sharing[i].Bur_share
    aer_share = sharing[i].Aer_share
  end if
next

{Calculate water table effect }

```

## struktur.pas

```

critical_depth = copper_placement_depth

if (copper_indicator = 1) and (fiber_indicator = 1) then
  critical_depth = max(copper_placement_depth, fiber_placement_depth) {global.pas}

if (copper_indicator = 1) and (fiber_indicator = 0) then
  critical_depth = copper_placement_depth

if (copper_indicator = 0) and (fiber_indicator = 1) then
  critical_depth = fiber_placement_depth

free_pct = one - pct_ugd - pct_bur - pct_aer
if free_pct < zero then free_pct = zero

{ Interact water table and rock hardness }

if (depth_to_bedrock < critical_depth) and (hardness = 'HARD') then
  {use hard rock values}

  for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
    if density >= HardRockStruc[i].density then
      if feeder_indicator = 1 then
        ugd_structure = ugd_share * HardRockStruc[i].FeedUgd
        bur_structure = bur_share * HardRockStruc[i].FeedBur
        aer_structure = aer_share * HardRockStruc[i].FeedAer
      else
        ugd_structure = ugd_share * HardRockStruc[i].DistUgd
        bur_structure = bur_share * HardRockStruc[i].DistBur
        aer_structure = aer_share * HardRockStruc[i].DistAer
      end if
    end if
  next

//looks like feed_copper_cable_capacity is like maximum copper feeder size
if feeder_indicator = 1 then
  NumberOfDucts = round(copper_lines / feed_copper_cable_capacity + half)
  + round(fiber_lines / fiber_cable_capacity + half) + 1
else
  NumberOfDucts = round(copper_lines / dist_copper_cable_capacity + half) + 1
end if

if NumberOfDucts < 2 then NumberOfDucts = 2

for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
  if density >= ManholeSpec[i].density then
    ManholeSpacing = ManholeSpec[i].ManholeSpacing
  end if
next

{attempt to find the manhole with the correct number of ducts}
for i = 1 to NumManholeSizes - 1
  if NumberOfDucts >= ManholeCost[i].DuctCap then
    manhole_cost = ManholeCost[i].BaseCost / ManholeSpacing
    {manhole cost per foot for underground}
  end if

```

```

next

{add any extra cost if necessary}
if NumberOfDucts > ManholeCost[NumManholeSizes-1].DuctCap then
    manhole_cost = manhole_cost + ManholeCost[NumManholeSizes].HardCost
        *(NumberOfDucts - ManholeCost[NumManholeSizes-1].DuctCap)
end if

else if (depth_to_bedrock >= critical_depth) and (soil_texture_indicator = 1) then
    { use normal values }

Y - looks like soil_texture_indicator is not used properly, above test should result in 'soft rock' conditions

for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
    if density >= NormalStruc[i].density then
        if feeder_indicator = 1 then
            ugd_structure = ugd_share * NormalStruc[i].FeedUgd
            bur_structure = bur_share * NormalStruc[i].FeedBur
            aer_structure = aer_share * NormalStruc[i].FeedAer
        end if

        else
            ugd_structure = ugd_share * NormalStruc[i].DistUgd
            bur_structure = bur_share * NormalStruc[i].DistBur
            aer_structure = aer_share * NormalStruc[i].DistAer
        end if
    next

    if feeder_indicator = 1 then
        NumberOfDucts = round(copper_lines / feed_copper_cable_capacity + half)
            + round(fiber_lines / fiber_cable_capacity + half) + 1
    else
        NumberOfDucts = round( copper_lines/dist_copper_cable_capacity + half ) + 1
    end if

    if NumberOfDucts < 2 then NumberOfDucts = 2

    for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
        if density >= ManholeSpac[i].density then
            ManholeSpacing = ManholeSpac[i].ManholeSpacing
        end if
    next

    for i = 1 to NumManholeSizes - 1
        if NumberOfDucts >= ManholeCost[i].DuctCap then
            manhole_cost = ManholeCost[i].SoftCost / ManholeSpacing
                { manhole cost per foot for underground}
        end if
    next

    if NumberOfDucts > ManholeCost[NumManholeSizes-1].DuctCap then
        manhole_cost = manhole_cost + ManholeCost[NumManholeSizes].NormalCost
            *(NumberOfDucts - ManholeCost[NumManholeSizes-1].DuctCap)
    end if

else { use soft rock values }

```

```

{W - see note above}
for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
    if density >= (SoftRockStruc[i].density) then
        if feeder_indicator = 1 then
            ugd_structure = ugd_share * SoftRockStruc[i].FeedUgd
            bur_structure = bur_share * SoftRockStruc[i].FeedBur
            aer_structure = aer_share * SoftRockStruc[i].FeedAer
        end if
    else
        ugd_structure = ugd_share * SoftRockStruc[i].DistUgd
        bur_structure = bur_share * SoftRockStruc[i].DistBur
        aer_structure = aer_share * SoftRockStruc[i].DistAer
    end if
next

if feeder_indicator = 1 then
    NumberOfDucts = round(copper_lines / feed_copper_cable_capacity + half)
        + round(fiber_lines / fiber_cable_capacity + half) + 1
else
    NumberOfDucts = round(copper_lines / dist_copper_cable_capacity + half) + 1

if NumberOfDucts < 2 then NumberOfDucts = 2

for i = 1 to NumDenseZones
    if density >= ManholeSpac[i].density then
        ManholeSpacing = ManholeSpac[i].ManholeSpacing
    end if
next

for i = 1 to NumManholeSizes - 1
    if NumberOfDucts >= ManholeCost[i].DuctCap then
        manhole_cost = ManholeCost[i].SoftCost / ManholeSpacing
            { manhole cost per foot for underground}
    end if
next

if NumberOfDucts > ManholeCost[NumManholeSizes-1].DuctCap then
    manhole_cost = manhole_cost + manholeCost[NumManholeSizes].SoftCost
        *(NumberOfDucts - ManholeCost[NumManholeSizes-1].DuctCap)
end if

//adjust manhole cost for sharing
manhole_cost = ugd_structure * manhole_cost * 1000 { results in dollars per kilofoot }
ugd_structure = ugd_structure * 1000
bur_structure = bur_structure * 1000
aer_structure = aer_structure * 1000

if (MinSlope < MinSlopeTrigger) and (MaxSlope > MaxSlopeTrigger) then
    ugd_structure = ugd_structure * CombSlopeFactor
    bur_structure = bur_structure * CombSlopeFactor
    aer_structure = aer_structure * CombSlopeFactor
    manhole_cost = manhole_cost * CombSlopeFactor

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.pas

```
se if (MinSlope < MinSlopeTrigger) then
  ugd_structure = ugd_structure * MinSlopeFactor
  bur_structure = bur_structure * MinSlopeFactor
  aer_structure = aer_structure * MinSlopeFactor
  manhole_cost = manhole_cost * MinSlopeFactor

  lsn if (MaxSlope > MaxSlopeTrigger) then
    ugd_structure = ugd_structure * MaxSlopeFactor
    bur_structure = bur_structure * MaxSlopeFactor
    aer_structure = aer_structure * MaxSlopeFactor
    manhole_cost = manhole_cost * MaxSlopeFactor
  end if

  //adjust percentages so they balance to 1.0, throwing any difference into plant type
  //with largest dollar amount
  lf (so_ugd_struct * ugd_structure + so_manhole * manhole_cost)
  << min((so_bur_struct * bur_structure)
  , (so_aer_struct * aer_structure)) then          (global.pas)

    pct_ugd = pct_ugd + free_pct

  else if (so_bur_struct * bur_structure)
  << min((so_ugd_struct * ugd_structure + so_manhole * manhole_cost) (global.pas)
  , (so_aer_struct * aer_structure)) then

    pct_bur = pct_bur + free_pct

  else if (so_aer_struct * aer_structure)
  << min((so_bur_struct * bur_structure)
  , (so_ugd_struct * ugd_structure + so_manhole * manhole_cost)) then          (global.pas)

    pct_aer = pct_aer + free_pct
  end if

  ugd_structure = pct_ugd * ugd_structure
  aer_structure = pct_aer * aer_structure
  bur_structure = pct_bur * bur_structure
  manhole_cost = pct_ugd * manhole_cost

//this test should wrap this function, exit if there are no lines
lf (copper_lines + fiber_lines) >= half then
  structure_cost_fn = ugd_structure + bur_structure + aer_structure + manhole_cost
else
  ugd_structure = zero
  bur_structure = zero
  aer_structure = zero
  manhole_cost = zero
  structure_cost_fn = zero
end if
```

cable.pas

```
cable.pas

the two functions used outside of this module are feed_cable_cost and dist_cable_cost

function feed_cable_cost
  passed variables:
  lines
  density
  technology
  *ugd_copper
  *bur_copper
  *aer_copper
  *ugd_fiber
  *bur_fiber
  *aer_fiber
  pct_ugd
  pct_bur
  pct_aer

  local variables:
  l
  temp1
  temp2
  ugd2
  bur2
  aer2

  ugd_copper = zero
  bur_copper = zero
  aer_copper = zero
  ugd_fiber = zero
  bur_fiber = zero
  aer_fiber = zero
  ugd2 = zero
  bur2 = zero
  aer2 = zero
  temp1 = zero
  temp2 = zero

  //lines must be total lines
  if lines < half then
    feed_cable_cost = zero
  else
    if (technology = copper26) or (technology = copper24) or (technology = t_11) then
      if lines <= feed_copper_cable_capacity then
        for i = 1 to NumFeedCableSizes
          if lines >= CopDistCost[i].CableSize then
            / costs are input per foots we're working with kf /
            ugd_copper = pct_ugd * CopFeedCost[i].CostUGD * 1000
            bur_copper = pct_bur * CopFeedCost[i].CostBUR * 1000
            aer_copper = pct_aer * CopFeedCost[i].CostAER * 1000
            temp1 = ugd_copper + bur_copper + aer_copper
          end if
        next
      end if
    end if
  end if
```

### cable.pas

```

else
  for i = 1 to NumFeedCableSizes
    if (round(feed_copper_cable_capacity)) >= CopFeedCost[i].Size then
      //this is integer division, calculating number of max size cables
      templ = (round(lines) div round(feed_copper_cable_capacity))
      ugd_copper = templ * pct_ugd * CopFeedCost[i].CostUgd * 1000
      bur_copper = templ * pct_bur * CopFeedCost[i].CostBur * 1000
      aer_copper = templ * pct_aer * CopFeedCost[i].CostAer * 1000
      templ = ugd_copper + bur_copper + aer_copper
    end if
    //calculate residual cable size
    if (round(lines) mod round(feed_copper_cable_capacity))
      >= CopFeedCost[i].Size then
      ugd2 = pct_ugd * CopFeedCost[i].CostUgd * 1000
      bur2 = pct_bur * CopFeedCost[i].CostBur * 1000
      aer2 = pct_aer * CopFeedCost[i].CostAer * 1000
      temp2 = ugd2 + bur2 + aer2
    end if
  next
end if

templ = templ + temp2
ugd_copper = ugd_copper + ugd2
bur_copper = bur_copper + bur2
aer_copper = aer_copper + aer2

```

Gauge copper is assumed to be a constant multiplier of 36 gauge

```

if technology = copper24 then
  feed_cable_cost = templ * multiplier_24
  ugd_copper = ugd_copper * multiplier_24
  bur_copper = bur_copper * multiplier_24
  aer_copper = aer_copper * multiplier_24
else
  feed_cable_cost = templ
end if

else / technology is fiber /
  if lines <= fiber_cable_capacity then
    see cable sizing note above
    for i = 1 to NumFiberCableSizes
      if lines >= FiberFeedCost[i].size then
        ugd_fiber = pct_ugd * FiberFeedCost[i].CostUgd * 1000
        bur_fiber = pct_bur * FiberFeedCost[i].CostBur * 1000
        aer_fiber = pct_aer * FiberFeedCost[i].CostAer * 1000
        templ = ugd_fiber + bur_fiber + aer_fiber
      end if
    next
  else
    for i = 1 to NumFiberCableSizes
      if (round(feed_copper_cable_capacity)) >= FiberFeedCost[i].size then
        V - looks like this should be fiber_cable_capacity
        templ = (round(lines) div round(feed_copper_cable_capacity))
        ugd_fiber = templ * pct_ugd * FiberFeedCost[i].CostUgd * 1000
        bur_fiber = templ * pct_bur * FiberFeedCost[i].CostBur * 1000

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```

        aer_fiber = templ * pct_aer * FiberFeedCost[i].CostAer * 1000
        templ = ugd_fiber + bur_fiber + aer_fiber
      end if
    V - looks like this should be fiber_cable_capacity
    if (round(lines) mod round(feed_copper_cable_capacity))
      >= FiberFeedCost[i].size then
        ugd2 = pct_ugd * FiberFeedCost[i].CostUgd * 1000
        bur2 = pct_bur * FiberFeedCost[i].CostBur * 1000
        aer2 = pct_aer * FiberFeedCost[i].CostAer * 1000
        temp2 = ugd2 + bur2 + aer2
      end if
    next
  end if

  templ = templ + temp2
  ugd_fiber = ugd_fiber + ugd2
  bur_fiber = bur_fiber + bur2
  aer_fiber = aer_fiber + aer2

  feed_cable_cost = templ
end if

function dist_cable_cost
  passed variables:
  lines
  density
  gauge
  'ugd_copper
  'bur_copper
  'aer_copper
  pct_ugd
  pct_bur
  pct_aer

  local variables:
  i
  templ
  temp2
  ugd2
  bur2
  aer2

  ugd_copper = zero
  bur_copper = zero
  aer_copper = zero
  templ = zero
  temp2 = zero
  ugd2 = zero
  bur2 = zero
  aer2 = zero

  if lines <= half then
    dist_cable_cost = zero

```

ible.pas

```
else
  temp1 = zero
  temp2 = zero

  if lines <= dist_copper_cable_capacity then
    for i = 1 to NumCableSizes
      if lines <= CopDistCost[i].CableSize then
        ugd_copper = pct_ugd * CopDistCost[i].CostUgd * 1000
        bur_copper = pct_bur * CopDistCost[i].CostBur * 1000
        aer_copper = pct_aer * CopDistCost[i].CostAer * 1000
        temp1 = ugd_copper + bur_copper + aer_copper
      end if
    next
  else
    for i = 1 to NumCableSizes
      if (round(dist_copper_cable_capacity) <= CopDistCost[i].CableSize) then
        temp1 = (round(lines) div round(dist_copper_cable_capacity))
        ugd_copper = temp1 * pct_ugd * CopDistCost[i].CostUgd * 1000
        bur_copper = temp1 * pct_bur * CopDistCost[i].CostBur * 1000
        aer_copper = temp1 * pct_aer * CopDistCost[i].CostAer * 1000
        temp1 = ugd_copper + bur_copper + aer_copper
      end if

      if (round(lines) mod round(dist_copper_cable_capacity)) >= CopDistCost[i].CableSize then
        ugd2 = pct_ugd * CopDistCost[i].CostUgd * 1000
        bur2 = pct_bur * CopDistCost[i].CostBur * 1000
        aer2 = pct_aer * CopDistCost[i].CostAer * 1000
        temp2 = ugd2 + bur2 + aer2
      end if
    next
  end if

  temp1 = temp1 + temp2
  ugd_copper = ugd_copper + ugd2
  bur_copper = bur_copper + bur2
  aer_copper = aer_copper + aer2

  if gauge = g24 then
    dist_cable_cost = temp1 * multiplier_24
    ugd_copper = ugd_copper * multiplier_24
    bur_copper = bur_copper * multiplier_24
    aer_copper = aer_copper * multiplier_24
  else
    dist_cable_cost = temp1
  end if

end if
```

primdist.pas

```
primdist.pas

the only procedure used outside of this module is calculate_prim_distribution_cost

procedure cumulate_lines
  passed variables:
    GR
    n    ( number of nodes )
    _to
    Line_vector
    DistToNode
    DistToSAI
    cuts
    density
    FillFactor
    'dist_cost
    'ugd_cable
    'bur_cable
    'aer_cable
    'ugd_structure
    'bur_structure
    'aer_structure
    'ManholeCost

  local variables:
    c
    l
    nc
    k
    was_cut
    g26_lines
    g24_lines
    structure_cost
    cable_cost
    technology
    ucl
    bcl
    ac1
    uc2
    bc2
    ac2
    us
    bs
    ss
    mh
    penalty
    pct_ugd
    pct_bur
    pct_aer

    us = ugd_structure
    bs = bur_structure
    ss = aer_structure
    mh = ManholeCost
```

```

ugd_structure = zero
bur_structure = zero
aer_structure = zero
ManholeCost = zero
ugd_cable = zero
bur_cable = zero
aer_cable = zero
uc1 = zero
bc1 = zero
ac1 = zero
uc2 = zero
bc2 = zero
ac2 = zero

nc = cuts[1]

for i = 2 to n
  if cuts[i]>nc then
    nc = cuts[i]
  end if
next

for i = 1 to n
  was_cut[i] = false
next

for i = 1 to n
  g26_lines[i] = zero
  g24_lines[i] = zero
next

for i = 2 to n
  if DistToSA1[i] > copper_gauge_max then
    g24_lines[i] = line_vector[i]
  else
    g26_lines[i] = line_vector[i]
  end if
next

dist_cost = zero

for c = 1 to nc
  for i = 2 to n
    if not(was_cut[i]) then
      if cuts[i]-c then
        k = i_to[i]
        g26_lines[k] = g26_lines[k] + g26_lines[i]
        g24_lines[k] = g24_lines[k] + g24_lines[i]

        if g26_lines[i] + g24_lines[i] > zero then
          structure_cost = call structure_cost_fn
          pass variables:
          g26_lines[i]+g24_lines[i]

```

(structur.pas)

```

density
GR.hardness
GR.DepthToBedrock
GR.SoilTexture
GR.MinSlope
GR.MaxSlope
GR.Waterfb
0
1
0
'us
'bs
'as
'mh
'pct_ugd
'pct_bur
'pct_aer
)
cable_cost = call dist_cable_cost + call dist_cable_cost(cable.pass)
pass variables:
g24_lines[i]
density
g24
'uc1
'bc1
'ac1
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer
else
  cable_cost = zero
  structure_cost = zero
  uc1 = zero
  bc1 = zero
  ac1 = zero
  uc2 = zero
  bc2 = zero
  ac2 = zero
  us = zero
  bs = zero
  as = zero
  mh = zero
end if
if (g26_lines[i] + g24_lines[i]) > 1.0e-6 then
  if DistToSA1[i] > max_copper_distance then
    penalty = MaxCopperPenalty
  else
    penalty = one
  end if
  *W - this penalty calculation is repeated elsewhere
  dist_cost = dist_cost + (structure_cost + cable_cost)
  * DistToNode[i] * penalty
  ugd_cable = ugd_cable + (uc1 + uc2) * DistToNode[i] * penalty

```

ist.pas

```
bur_cable = bur_cable + (bc1 + bc2) * DistToNode[i] * penalty
aer_cable = aer_cable + (ac1 + ac2) * DistToNode[i] * penalty

ugd_structure = ugd_structure + us * DistToNode[i] * penalty
bur_structure = bur_structure + bs * DistToNode[i] * penalty
aer_structure = aer_structure + as * DistToNode[i] * penalty
ManholeCost = ManholeCost + mh * DistToNode[i] * penalty

end if

was_cut[i] = true
end
next
end

procedure prune
passed variables:
n      { number of nodes }
_to
*cut_ord

local variables
total_cuts
cut_num
was_cut
{
}
cut_it

total_cuts = 0
for i = 1 to n
  cut_ord[i] = 0
next
cut_num = 1
for i = 1 to n
  was_cut[i] = false
next
repeat
  for i = 2 to n
    if not (was_cut[i]) then
      cut_it = true
      for j = 2 to n do
        if not (was_cut[j]) then
          if _to[j] = i then
            cut_it = false
          end if
        end if
      end if
      if cut_it then
        cut_ord[i] = cut_num
        was_cut[i] = true
        total_cuts = total_cuts + 1
      end if
    end if
  next
  cut_num = cut_num + 1
until total_cuts = n - 1
```

primdist.pas

```
end if
next
if cut_it then
  cut_ord[i] = cut_num
  was_cut[i] = true
  total_cuts = total_cuts + 1
end if
end if
next
cut_num = cut_num + 1
until total_cuts = n - 1

function provisional_cost
passed variables:
  _to{customer identifier for drop terminal}
  numTerminals{total number of drop terminals}
  lines
  GR
  dist      { distance to the tree }
  dist2SAI   { distance to the SAI via tree }
  density    { average density for tree }
  fillFactor

{Calculates a provisional distribution cost for a given customer based on allocating both structure and cable cost between the customer and the tree, and a cable cost only for the entire distance from the customer to the SAI.}

local variables:
cable_cost
n2016
n672
n96
n24
gauge
uc
bc
sc
us
bs
as
mh
structure_cost
sc_structure
sc_cable
penalty
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer
```

pas

```
<- num_terms[then,]|| look only at live[nodes], which are indexed[1..num_terms]

{ First, make the technology determination. }

if dist2SAI > copper_gauge_xover then
  gauge = g24
else
  gauge = g26
end if

if dist2SAI > max_copper_distance then
  penalty = MaxCopperPenalty
else
  penalty = one
end if

{ Now calculate structure and cable costs. }

structure_cost = call structure_cost_fn          (structur.pas)
pass variables:
  lines
  0
  density
  GR.hardness
  GR.DepthToBedrock
  GR.SoilTexture
  GR.MinSlope
  GR.MaxSlope
  GR.WaterTB
  0
  1
  0
  *us
  *bs
  *ss
  *nh
  *pct_ugd
  *pct_bur
  *pct_aer

ac_structure = ac_ugd_struct * us + ac_bur_struct * bs + ac_ss_struct * ss
  + ac_manhole * nh

cable_cost = call dist_cable_cost            (cable.pas)
pass variables:
  lines
  density
  gauge
  *uc
  *bc
  *ac
  pct_ugd
  pct_bur
```

primdist.pas

```
      pct_aer

  ac_cable = ac_ugd_cop * uc + ac_bur_cop * bc + ac_ss_cop * ss

  if lines > 0 then
    provisional_cost = (dist * ac_structure + dist2SAI * ac_cable) * penalty
  else
    provisional_cost = zero
  end if

  b186
  [if] provisional_cost <= dist/1000

end if

procedure prim_tree
  passed variables:
    GR
    n           { number of nodes, including SAI }
    line_vector
    dmtx         { distance matrix}
    density
    fillFactor
    *from
    *to          { list of lots, with #1 = SAI }
    *dist2node   { lot that each node points to }
    *dist2SAI    { distance from each lot to next node }
    { distance to switch from each lot }

  local constants:
    diarge = 999999999.9

  local variables:
    i
    j
    k
    l
    a
    b
    c
    d1
    d2s
    min
    idx
    dist
    dist2
    cost
    technology

    for i = 1 to n do
      a[i] = true
      b[i] = 0
```

t.pas

```
c[i] = dlarge
d1[i] = zero
xt

i1 = zero
s1 = zero

for i = 2 to n
  d2s[i] = dmtx[i][i]
next

= 1

for i = 2 to n
  min = dlarge
  for k = 2 to n
    if (k < i) then
      if s[k] then
        dist = dmtx[j][k]
        cost = call provisional_cost
        pass variables
        if cost < c[k] then
          lines = line_vector(k)
          GR = GR
          dist = dist
          dist2AI = dist + d2s[j]
          density = density
          fillFactor = fillFactor
          if cost < c[k] then
            c[k] = cost
            d1[k] = dist
            b[k] = j
          end if
          if min > c[k] then
            min = c[k]
            l = k
            dist2 = d1[k] + d2s[b[k]]
          end if
        end if
      end if
    next k
  next i
  s[i] = false
  d2s[i] = dist2
next i

for i = 2 to n do
  from[i] = i
  to[i] = b[i]
```

primdist.pas

```
dist2node[1] = d1[1]
dist2SAI[1] = d2s[1]
next

from[1] = 1
to[1] = 1
dist2node[1] = zero
dist2SAI[1] = zero

procedure get_lines
  passed variables:
    GR
    density
    row
    col
    NS_lots
    EW_lots
    lines
    'n
    'line_vector
    'x
    'y
    'drop_terminal_cost
    'NO_hld_cost
    'drop_cost
    'drop_fees
  local variables:
  {
    j
    factor
    lines_per_lot
    total_lots
    drop_length
    pct_wqd
    pct_bur
    pct_aer
    tmp
    us
    bs
    ss
    mh
  }

  drop_terminal_cost = zero
  total_lots = EW_lots * NS_lots
  lines_per_lot = lines / total_lots

  i = 1
  loop while i <= EW_lots

    factor = one
    j = 1
    loop while j <= NS_lots
      / Take in lots on both sides, top and bottom, unless this is a microgrid /
      if
```

### primdist.pas

```

{ border, in which case take in lots only on one side. If it is the
{ corner, take in only one lot. } }

if (i = EW_lots) or (j = NS_lots) then
  factor = 2
else
  factor = 4
end if

if (i = EW_lots) and (j = NS_lots) then
  factor = one
end if

n = n+1

line_vector[n] = factor * lines_per_lot

x[n] = GR.LowerLeftX + (col - 1) * GR.MicroGridEW + i * (one / EW_lots)
y[n] = GR.LowerLeftY + (row - 1) * GR.MicroGridNS + j * (one / NS_lots)

tmp = call structure_cost_fn
      (structure.pas)
      pass variables:
      line_vector[n]
      0
      density
      GR.hardness
      GR.DepthToBedrock
      GR.SoilTexture
      GR.MinSlope
      GR.MaxSlope
      GR.WaterTb
      0
      1
      0
      *ua
      *ba
      *as
      *mh
      *pct_ugd
      *pct_bur
      *pct_aer

drop_terminal_cost = drop_terminal_cost
      + call drop_terminal_cost_fn
      (terminal.pas)
      pass variables:
      factor * lines_per_lot
      density
      pct_ugd
      pct_bur
      pct_aer

j = j + 2
end loop {j <= NS_lots}

i = i+2
end { while i }

```

### primdist.pas

```

{ Now we need to calculate drops to customer locations }

drop_length = user_lambda * 0.5
  * sqrt(sqr((l / NS_lots) * GR.MicroGridNS * DistRoadFactor)
        + sqr((l / EW_lots) * GR.MicroGridEW * DistRoadFactor))
  + (l - user_lambda) * .5 * (l / NS_lots) * GR.MicroGridNS * DistRoadFactor

if drop_length > max_drop_length then
  drop_length = max_drop_length
End if

drop_cost = total_lots * drop_length * cost_per_drop_kf
drop_feet = total_lots * drop_length

{ Finally, calculate cost of nids for this microgrid }

HQ_nid_cost = nid_cost * total_lots

procedure calculate_prim_distribution_cost
  passed variables:
  GR
  num_SAIs
  SAIx
  SAIy
  density
  FillFactor
  lines
  flag
  'prim_distribution_cost
  'prim_line_feet
  'prim_drop_feet
  'prim_drop_cost
  'prim_nid_cost
  'prim_lines_served
  'prim_tarm_cost
  'MaximumDistance
  'ugd_cable
  'bur_cable
  'aer_cable
  'ugd_structure
  'bur_structure
  'aer_structure
  'ManholeCost

  local variables:
  l
  j
  n
  k
  midx
  midy
  lots
  EW_lots
  NS_lots

```

imdist.pas

```
area
cable_cost
structure_cost
total_lines
SAI_LinkDistance
t1_lines
gauge
penalty
uc
bc
sc
us
bs
as
mh
dmtx
x
y
line_vector
_from
_to
_cut_ord
DistToNode
DistToSAI
route_distance
tcost
grid_dropterm_cost
grid_drop_cost
grid_nid_cost
grid_drop_feet
dist_cost
test

prim_distribution_cost = zero
prim_drop_cost = zero
prim_nid_cost = zero
prim_term_cost = zero
prim_drop_feet = zero
ugd_cable = zero
bur_cable = zero
aer_cable = zero
ugd_structure = zero
bur_structure = zero
aer_structure = zero
ManholeCost = zero
MaximumDistance = zero
prim_line_cost = zero

for k = 1 to num_SAIs
  { First, we need to set up the distance matrix to be used by PrimTree. }
  x[1] = SAIx[k]
  y[1] = SAIy[k]
  line_vector[1] = zero
  n = 1
```

prmdist.pas

```
for i = 1 to GR.nrow
  for j = 1 to GR.ncol
    if (flag[i,j] = k) and (lines[i,j] > zero) then
      lots = round(GR.households[i,j] * takerate)
      lots = round(GR.buslines[i,j] / lines_per_bus)

      call lot_divide
      pass variables:
      lots
      *NS_lots
      *EW_lots
      (lotdiv.pas)

      call get_lines
      pass variables:
      GR
      density
      i
      j
      round(NS_lots)
      round(EW_lots)
      lines[i,j]
      'n
      'line_vector
      'x
      'y
      'grid_dropterm_cost
      'grid_nid_cost
      'grid_drop_cost
      'grid_drop_feet
      prim_drop_cost = prim_drop_cost + grid_drop_cost
      prim_nid_cost = prim_nid_cost + grid_nid_cost
      prim_term_cost = prim_term_cost + grid_dropterm_cost
      prim_drop_feet = prim_drop_feet + grid_drop_feet
      end if
    next j
  next i

  num_terminals := num_SAIs // (number of drop terminals) // not including SAI
  //Add Steiner junction/nodes at each lattice point along axes through SAI location
  for i = 1 to num_SAIx do
    for j = 1 to num_SAIy do
      if ((int(i) - x[1]) * (int(j) - y[1]) = 0) and (grid[i][j] = zero)
        then
          x[1] = SAIx[k]
          y[1] = SAIy[k]
          line_vector[1] = zero
          n = 1
```

primdist.pas

```
W n < n * GR; ncol<=GR; hrow
  and temple[nmbr] <= nmbr) want) the number of live nodes to include the SAI)

for i = 1 to n do
  for j = 1 to i do
    dmtx[i][j] = (abs(x[i]) - x[j]) + abs(y[i] - y[j])) * DistRoadFactor
    dmtx[i][i] = dmtx[i][i]
  next j
next i

{ Now calculate the spanning tree. }

call prim_tree
pass variables:
GR
n
line_vector
dmtx
density
Fillfactor
*from
*to
*DistToNode
*DistToSAI

{ Determine cuts by pruning branches }

call prune
pass variables:
n
to
*cut_ord

{ Accumulate lines at each node, and sum total feeder cost }

call accumulate_lines
pass variables:
GR
n
to
line_vector
DistToNode
DistToSAI
cut_ord
density
Fillfactor
*dist_cost
*uc
*bc
*ac
*us
*bs
*ss
```

primdist.pas

```
*mh

prim_distribution_cost = prim_distribution_cost + dist_cost
ugd_cable   = ugd_cable + uc
bur_cable   = bur_cable + bc
aer_cable   = aer_cable + ac
ugd_structure = ugd_structure + us
bur_structure = bur_structure + bs
aer_structure = aer_structure + as
ManholeCost = ManholeCost + mh

for i = 1 to n
  if DistToSAI[i] > MaximumDistance then MaximumDistance = DistToSAI[i]
next

for i = 1 to n
  prim_line_feet = prim_line_feet + line_vector[i] * DistToSAI[i]
next

next k
```

primfeed.pas

primfeed.pas

the three procedures available outside of this module are:

cumulate\_lines  
prune  
prim\_tree

procedure cumulate\_lines  
passed variables:

n / number of nodes  
\_to  
DistToNode  
DistToSwitch  
cuts  
structure\_cost  
density  
FillFactor  
\*feeder\_cost  
\*feed\*ap\*ite\*cost  
\*ugd\_cable  
\*bur\_cable  
\*aer\_cable  
\*ugd\_fiber  
\*bur\_fiber  
\*aer\_fiber  
\*ugd\_structure  
\*bur\_structure  
\*aer\_structure  
\*ManholeCost  
pct\_ugd  
pct\_bur  
pct\_aer

local variables:

c  
l  
nc  
k  
was\_cut  
g26\_lines  
g24\_lines  
t1\_lines  
fiber\_lines  
fib\*F\*2\*2\*1\*1\*1  
cable\_cost  
technology  
n2016  
n672  
n96  
n24  
uc1

primfeed.pas

bcl  
aci  
ufl  
bf1  
af1  
uc2  
bc2  
ac2  
uf2  
bf2  
af2  
uc3  
bc3  
ac3  
uf3  
bf3  
af3  
uc4  
bc4  
ac4  
us  
bs  
as  
mh  
fccl  
fcc2  
fib\_lines

us = ugd\_structure  
bs = bur\_structure  
as = aer\_structure  
mh = ManholeCost

ugd\_structure = zero  
bur\_structure = zero  
aer\_structure = zero  
ManholeCost = zero  
ugd\_cable = zero  
bur\_cable = zero  
aer\_cable = zero  
ugd\_fiber = zero  
bur\_fiber = zero  
aer\_fiber = zero  
uc1 = zero  
bcl = zero  
aci = zero  
ufl = zero  
bf1 = zero  
af1 = zero  
uc2 = zero  
bc2 = zero  
ac2 = zero  
uf2 = zero

## primfeed.pas

```

bf2      = zero
af2      = zero
uc3      = zero
bc3      = zero
ac3      = zero
uf3      = zero
bf3      = zero
af3      = zero
bf4      = zero
af4      = zero
uc4      = zero
bc4      = zero
ac4      = zero
uf4      = zero
bf4      = zero
af4      = zero

{ First, make the technology determination. }

for i = 2 to n
  if i <= num_Sas + 1 then
    call calculate_feeder_technology
    pass variables;
    DistToSwitch[i]
    i - 1
    density
    fillfactor
    *technology
    *n2016
    *n672
    *n96
    *n24
    pct_ugd
    pct_bur
    pct_aer
    nc = cuts[i]
    for i = 2 to n do if cuts[i]>nc then nc = cuts[i]
  end if
next

for i = 1 to n
  was_cut[i] = false
next

for i = 1 to n
  q26_lines[i] = ZERO
  q24_lines[i] = ZERO
  t1_lines[i] = ZERO
  fiber_cables[i] = 0
  for j = 1 to 100
    if fiber_lines[i][j] <= zero
  next

for i = 2 to n
  if i <= num_Sas + 1 then
    }
  (tech.pas)

```

## primfeed.pas

```

select case SA_array[i-1].feeder_technology
  case copper26
    g26_lines[i] = SA_array[i-1].ResLines / FillFactor
    +(SA_array[i-1].BusLines
    - 1) / 12 * SA_array[i-1].SwitchedDSL
    - 1) / 12 * SA_array[i-1].SpclAccessDSL) / FillFactor

    t1_lines[i] = (SA_array[i-1].SwitchedDSL
    + SA_array[i-1].SpclAccessDSL) / FillFactor

  case copper24
    g24_lines[i] = SA_array[i-1].ResLines / FillFactor
    +(SA_array[i-1].BusLines
    - 1) / 12 * SA_array[i-1].SwitchedDSL
    - 1) / 12 * SA_array[i-1].SpclAccessDSL) / FillFactor

    t1_lines[i] = (SA_array[i-1].SwitchedDSL
    + SA_array[i-1].SpclAccessDSL) / FillFactor

  case t_1
    t1_lines[i] = (SA_array[i-1].ResLines / FillFactor
    + SA_array[i-1].BusLines / FillFactor)
    * t1_redundancy_factor / 12

  case fiber
    fiber_lines[i] = (SA_array[i-1].n2016 + SA_array[i-1].n672
    + SA_array[i-1].n96 + SA_array[i-1].n24)
    * 4 / FiberFillFactor
  end select
  :next
end if

feeder_cost = ZERO
feed_splice_cost = ZERO

for c = 1 to nc
  for i = 2 to n
    if not(was_cut[i]) then
      if cuts[i]=c then
        k = to[i]
        g26_lines[k] = g26_lines[k] + g26_lines[i]
        g24_lines[k] = g24_lines[k] + g24_lines[i]
        t1_lines[k] = t1_lines[k] + t1_lines[i]

        {do fiber lines first}

        {we look at splicing cost(when)Economically efficient)

        if fiber_cables[i]>0 then
          tcol = zero
          ufl = zero
          bfl = zero
          atf = zero
          uft = zero
          bf2 = zero
        end if
      end if
    end if
  end for
end for

```

३८१

primsecu.pas

## rimfeed.pas

```

pct_bur
pct_aer

+ call feed_cable_cost          (cable.pas)
pass variables:
tl_lines[1]
density
t_1
*uc3
*bc3
*ac3
*uf3
*bf3
*a3
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer

{call feed_cable_cost}
pass variables:
fiber_lines[1]
density
*uc3
*bc3
*ac3
*uf3
*bf3
*a3
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer

if (g26_lines[i] + g24_lines[i] + tl_lines[i] + fiber_cables[i])
> 1.0e-6 then
  feeder_cost = feeder_cost + (structure_cost + cable_cost)
  * DistToNode[i]

  ugd_cable = ugd_cable + (uc1 + uc2 + uc3 + uc4) * DistToNode[i]
  bur_cable = bur_cable + (bc1 + bc2 + bc3 + bc4) * DistToNode[i]
  aer_cable = aer_cable + (ac1 + ac2 + ac3 + ac4) * DistToNode[i]
  bpd_fiber = ugd_fiber + (uf1 + uf2 + uf3 + uf4) * DistToNode[i]
  bpd_bur = bur_fiber + (bf1 + bf2 + bf3 + bf4) * DistToNode[i]
  aer_fiber = aer_fiber + (af1 + af2 + af3 + af4) * DistToNode[i]
  ugd_structure = ugd_structure + us * DistToNode[i]
  bur_structure = bur_structure + bs * DistToNode[i]
  aer_structure = aer_structure + as * DistToNode[i]
  ManholeCost = ManholeCost + mh * DistToNode[i]

end if

was_cut[i] = true
end if
end if
next i
next c

```

## primfeed.pas

```

procedure prune
  passed variables:
    n           / number of nodes /
    to
    *cut_ord

  local variables:
    total_cuts
    cut_num
    was_cut
    i
    j
    cut_it

  total_cuts = 0

  for i = 1 to n
    cut_ord[i] = 0
  next

  cut_num = 1

  for i = 1 to n
    was_cut[i] = false
  next

  repeat
    for i = 2 to n
      if not (was_cut[i]) then
        cut_it = true
        for j = 2 to n
          if not (was_cut[j]) then
            if _to[j] = i then
              cut_it = false
            end if
          end if
        next
        if cut_it then
          cut_ord[i] = cut_num
          was_cut[i] = true
          total_cuts = total_cuts + 1
        end if
      end if
    cut_num = cut_num + 1
  until total_cuts = n - 1

function provisional_cost
  passed variables:

```

primfeed.pas

```

i          { Indexes the SAI }
dist        { distance to the tree }
dist2switch { distance to the switch via tree }
density
fillfactor
ac_structure
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer

local variables:
cable_cost
n2016
n672
n96
n24
lines
technology
uc
bc
ac
uf
bf
af
sai_index

{Calculates a provisional feeder cost for a given SAI based on allocating both
structure and cable cost between the SAI and the tree, and a cable cost only for
the entire distance from the SAI to the switch. }

if i <= num_SAs then {look only at "live" nodes, which are indexed 1..num_SAs}

    { First, make the technology determination. }

    call calculate_feeder_technology                               (tech.pas)
    pass variables:
    dist2switch
    i
    density
    fillFactor
    'technology
    'n2016
    'n672
    'n96
    'n24
    pct_ugd
    pct_bur
    pct_aer

    { Now calculate structure and cable costs, assuming that geologic factors
    throughout feeder route are the same as those for this SA. }

```

primfeed.pas

```

select case technology

    case fiber
        lines = (n2016 + n672 + n96 + n24) * 4 / FiberFillFactor

    case t_1
        lines = SA_array[i].lines * t1_redundancy_factor / 12

    case else
        lines = SA_array[i].ResLines / fillFactor + (SA_array[i].BusLines
            - 1) / 12 * SA_array[i].SwitchedDSL
            - 1) / 12 * SA_array[i].SpclAccessDSL) / fillFactor
end select

cable_cost = call feed_cable_cost                               (cable.pas)
pass variables:
lines
density
technology
'uc
'bc
'ac
'uf
'bf
'af
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer

if lines > 0 then
    provisional_cost = dist * ac_structure + dist2switch
    * (so_ugd_cop * uc + so_bur_cop * bc + so_aer_cop * ac
    + ac_ugd_fib * uf + so_bur_fib * bf + ac_aer_fib * af)
else
    provisional_cost = zero
end if

else
    provisional_cost = dist / 1000
end if

procedure prim_tree
passed variables:
n           { number of nodes, including switch }
dmrx       { distance matrix }
density     { average density for tree }
fillFactor
ac_structure
'from      { list of SAIs, with #1 = switch }
'to       { SAI that each node points to }
'dist2node { distance from each SAI to next node }

```

rimfeed.pas

```
dist2switch { distance to switch from each SAT }
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aec

local constants:
dlarge = 999999999.9

local variables:
i
j
k
l
a
b
c
d1
d2s
min
idx
dist
dist2
cost
technology

for i = 1 to n do
    a[i] = true
    b[i] = 0
    c[i] = dlarge
    d1[i] = zero
next

c[1] = zero
d2s[1] = zero

for i = 2 to n
    d2s[i] = dmrx(i)[1]
next

j = 1

for i = 2 to n
    min = dlarge
    for k = 2 to n
        if (k < j) then
            if a[k] then
                dist = dmrx(j)[k]
                cost = call provisional_cost
                pass variables
                k-1
                dist
                dist+d2s[j]
                density
                fillfactor
                ac_structure
                pct_ugd
                pct_bur
```

primfeed.pas

```
pct_aec

if cost < c[k] then
    c[k] = cost
    d1[k] = dist
    b[k] = j
end if

if min > c[k] then
    min = c[k]
    i = k
    dist2 = d1[k] + d2s[b(k)]
end if

end if
next k

j = 1
a[j] = false
d2s[1] = dist2

next i

for i = 2 to n
    from[i] = i
    to[i] = b[i]
    dist2node[i] = d1[i]
    dist2switch[i] = d2s[i]
next

from[1] = 1
to[1] = 1
dist2node[1] = zero
dist2switch[1] = zero
```

(primfeed.pas)

rimsai.pas

rimsai.pas

the only procedure used outside of this function is get\_link\_cost

```
procedure accumulate_lines
  passed variables:
    n          / number of nodes /
    to
    ds0_lines
    DistToNode
    DistToPrimary
    cuts
    density
    SA
    *link_cost
    *term_cost
    *n96
    *n24
    *ugd_cable
    *bur_cable
    *aer_cable
    *ugd_structure
    *bur_structure
    *aer_structure
    *ManholeCost

  local variables
    c
    i
    nc
    k
    was_cut
    tl_lines
    cable_cost
    technology
    structure_cost
    uc
    bc
    sc
    uf
    bf
    sf
    us
    bs
    ss
    mh
    tmp
    pct_ugd
    pct_bur
    pct_aer

  technology = t_1
  nc = cuts[1]
```

primsai.pas

```
for i = 2 to n
  if cuts[i]>nc then
    nc = cuts[i]
  end if

  for i = 1 to n
    was_cut[i] = false
  next

  for i = 1 to n
    tl_lines[i] = zero
  next

  for i = 2 to n
    tl_lines[i] = ds0_lines[i] * tl_redundancy_factor / 12
  next

  link_cost      = zero
  term_cost     = zero
  ugd_cable     = zero
  bur_cable     = zero
  aer_cable     = zero
  ugd_structure = zero
  bur_structure = zero
  aer_structure = zero
  ManholeCost   = zero

  for c = 1 to nc
    for i = 2 to n
      if not(was_cut[i]) then
        if cuts[i]=c then
          k = to[i]
          tl_lines[k] = tl_lines[k] + tl_lines[i]
          if tl_lines[i] > half then
            tmp = call structure_cost_fn
            pass variables:
              tl_lines[i]
              0
              density
              SA.hardness
              SA.DepthToBedrock
              SA.SoilTexture
              SA.MinSlope
              SA.MaxSlope
              SA.WaterTb
              1
              1
              0
              *us
              *bs
              *ss
              *mh
              *pct_ugd
              *pct_bur
              *pct_aer
            else

```

msai.pas

```
tmp = call structure_cost_fn          (structure.pas)
      pass variables:
      9999
      0
      density
      SA.hardness
      SA.DepthToBedrock
      SA.SoilTexture
      SA.MinSlope
      SA.MaxSlope
      SA.WaterTb
      1
      1
      0
      *us
      *bs
      *as
      *mh
      *pct_ugd
      *pct_bur
      *pct_aer
end if

structure_cost = tmp

if ti_lines[i] > half then
  tmp = call feed_cable_cost          (cable.pas)
      pass variables:
      ti_lines[i]
      density
      t_1
      *uc
      *bc
      *ac
      *uf
      *bf
      *af
      pct_ugd
      pct_bur
      pct_aer
else
  tmp = call feed_cable_cost          (cable.pas)
      pass variables:
      9999
      density
      t_1
      *uc
      *bc
      *ac
      *uf
      *bf
      *af
      pct_ugd
      pct_bur
      pct_aer
```

```
      end if

      cable_cost = tmp

      if ti_lines[i] > half then
        tmp = call ti_terminal_cost_fn    (terminal.pas)
            pass variables:
            ds0_lines[i]
            *n96
            *n24
      else
        tmp = ac24
        n96 = 0
        n24 = 1
      end if

      term_cost = term_cost + tmp

      link_cost = link_cost + (structure_cost + cable_cost)
      * DistToNode[i] * DistRoadFactor

      ugd_cable = ugd_cable + uc * DistToNode[i] * DistRoadFactor
      bur_cable = bur_cable + bc * DistToNode[i] * DistRoadFactor
      aer_cable = aer_cable + ac * DistToNode[i] * DistRoadFactor
      ugd_structure = ugd_structure + us * DistToNode[i] * DistRoadFactor
      bur_structure = bur_structure + bs * DistToNode[i] * DistRoadFactor
      aer_structure = aer_structure + as * DistToNode[i] * DistRoadFactor
      ManholeCost = ManholeCost + mh * DistToNode[i] * DistRoadFactor

      was_cut[i] = true
    end if
  next i
next t

procedure prune
  passed variables:
  n   { number of nodes }
  to
  *cut_ord

  local variables:
  total_cuts
  cut_num
  was_cut
  i
  j
  cut_lt

  total_cuts = 0
  for i = 1 to n
    cut_ord[i] = 0
  next
```

imsal.pas

```
cut_num = 1

for i = 1 to n
    was_cut[i] = false
next

repeat
    for i = 2 to n
        if not (was_cut[i]) then
            cut_it = true
            for j = 2 to n
                if not(was_cut[j]) then
                    if _to[j]=i then
                        cut_it = false
                    end if
                end if
            next j

            if cut_it then
                cut_ord[i] = cut_num
                was_cut[i] = true
                total_cuts = total_cuts + 1
            end if
        end if
    next i

    cut_num = cut_num + 1

until total_cuts = n - 1

procedure prim_tree
passed variables:
n           { number of nodes, including primary SAI }
dmtx         { upper triangle of distance matrix}
*_from       { list of SAIs, with #1 = primary }
*_to         { Bring forward lines from previous microgrids }
*_di         { distance from each SAI to next node }
*d2p         { distance to primary from each SAI }

local constants:
dlarge = 999999999.9

local variables:
i
j
k
l
a
b
c
min
dist
dist2
cost
```

primsal.pas

```
for i = 1 to n do
    a[i] = true
    b[i] = 0
    c[i] = dlarge
    d[i] = zero
next

c[1] = zero
d2p[1] = zero

for i = 2 to n
    d2p[i] = dmtx[i][1]
next

j = 1

for i = 2 to n
    min = dlarge
    for k = 2 to n
        if (k <> j) then
            if a[k] then
                dist = dmtx[j][k]
                cost = dist
                if cost < c[k] then
                    c[k] = cost
                    d1[k] = dist
                    b[k] = j
                end if

                if min > c[k] then
                    min = c[k]
                    l = k
                    dist2 = d1[k] + d2p[b[k]]
                end if
            end if
        next k

        j = l
        a[j] = false
        d2p[l] = dist2
    next i

    for i = 2 to n do
        _from[i] = l
        _to[i] = b[i]
    next

    _from[1] = 1
    _to[1] = 1

procedure get_link_cost
passed variables:
number_of_SAIS
```

imsai.pas

```
SA
SAI_lines
saix
saiy
density
link_cost
term_cost
link_line_feet
nc96
nc24
ugd_cable
bur_cable
aer_cable
ugd_structure
bur_structure
aer_structure
ManholeCost

local variables:
uc
bc
ac
us
bs
as
mh
n
_i
_from
_to
DistToNextTerm
DistToPrimary
cuts
i
j

term_cost = zero
link_cost = zero
ugd_cable = zero
bur_cable = zero
aer_cable = zero
ugd_structure = zero
bur_structure = zero
aer_structure = zero
ManholeCost = zero
link_line_feet = zero

if number_of_SAIs > 1 then

  { First, set up distance matrix between SAIs...}
  for i = 1 to number_of_SAIs
    for j = 1 to number_of_SAIs do
      m[i][j] = abs(saix[i]-saix[j]) + abs(saiy[i]-saiy[j])
    next j
  next i

  call prim_tree
  pass variables:
```

primsai.pas

```
n      - number_of_SAIs
dctx   - 
_i     - _from
_to   - _to
d1    - DistToNextTerm
d2    - DistToPrimary
'
call prune
pass variables:
n      - number_of_SAIs
_to   - _to
cut_ord - cuts

call accumulate_lines
pass variables:
n      - number_of_SAIs
_to   - _to
dis0_lines - SAI_lines
DistToNode - DistToNextTerm
DistToPrimary - DistToPrimary
cuts      - cuts
density   - density
SA       - SA
link_cost - link_cost
term_cost - term_cost
nc96     - nc96
nc24     - nc24
ugd_cable - uc
bur_cable - bc
aer_cable - ac
ugd_structure - us
bur_structure - bs
aer_structure - as
ManholeCost - mh

ugd_cable = ugd_cable + uc
bur_cable = bur_cable + bc
aer_cable = aer_cable + ac
ugd_structure = ugd_structure + us
bur_structure = bur_structure + bs
aer_structure = aer_structure + as
ManholeCost = ManholeCost + mh

for i = 1 to number_of_SAIs
  link_line_feet = link_line_feet + SAI_lines[i] * DistToPrimary[i]
next
```

end if

terminal.pas

```
terminal.pas

ree functions are used outside of this module:

fiber_terminal_cost_fn
t1_terminal_cost_fn
drop_terminal_cost_fn

notion fiber_terminal_cost_fn
passed variables:
lines
distance
density
*n2016
*n672
*n96
*n24
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer

local variables
cost
mincost
min2016
min672
min96
min24
i
j
k
2016
672
96
124
cabcost
uc
bc
ac
uf
bf
af

(Calculates cost of fiber terminals for a given number of DSO lines served,
including number of terminals of each size, using integer search.)

if lines > half then
  mincost = 1.0*half
  for i = 0 to round( lines / 2016.0 + half )
    for j = 0 to round( (lines - 2016.0 * i) / 672 + half )
      for k = 0 to round( (lines - 2016 * i - 672 * j) / 96 + half )
        n2016 = i
        n672 = j
        n96 = k
        n24 = round((lines - 2016 * n2016 - 672 * n672 - 96 * n96)/24 + half )
        if n24 < 0 then n24 = 0
```

terminal.pas

```
12016 = min(2016.0 * n2016, lines )          (global.pas)
1672 = min( 672.0 * n672, lines - 12016 )
196 = min( 96.0 * n96, lines - 12016 - 1672 )
124 = lines - 12016 - 1672 - 196
cost = a2016 * n2016 + b2016 * 12016 + a672 * n672
      + b672 * 1672 + a96 * n96 + b96 * 196 + a24 * n24 + b24 * 124

cabcost = call feed_cable_cost             (cable.pas)
pass variables:
lines   -(n2016 + n672 + n96 + n24) * 4 / FiberFillFactor
density - density
technology - fiber
*ugd_copper - uc
*bur_copper - bc
*aer_copper - ac
*ugd_fiber - uf
*bur_fiber - bf
*aer_fiber - af
pct_ugd - pct_ugd
pct_bur - pct_bur
pct_aer - pct_aer

cost = cost + cabcost * distance

if cost < mincost then
  mincost = cost
  min2016 = n2016
  min672 = n672
  min96 = n96
  min24 = n24
end if

  next k
  next j
next i

n2016 = min2016
n672 = min672
n96 = min96
n24 = min24

cabcost = call feed_cable_cost             (cable.pas)
pass variables:
lines   -(n2016 + n672 + n96 + n24) * 4 / FiberFillFactor
density - density
technology - fiber
*ugd_copper - uc
*bur_copper - bc
*aer_copper - ac
*ugd_fiber - uf
*bur_fiber - bf
*aer_fiber - af
pct_ugd - pct_ugd
pct_bur - pct_bur
pct_aer - pct_aer
```

initial.pas

```
fiber_terminal_cost_fn = mincost + cabcost * distance
else
  n2016 = 0
  n672 = 0
  n96 = 0
  n24 = 0
  fiber_terminal_cost_fn = zero
end if

option tl_terminal_cost_fn
passed variables:
lines
  *nc96
  *nc24

local variables:
cost
mincost
min96
min24
i
196
124

{Calculates cost of (-1 terminals for a given number of DSO lines served, including
number of terminals of each size, using integer search. }

if lines > half then
  mincost = 1.0e+16
  for i = 0 to round(lines / 96 + half)
    nc96 = i
    nc24 = round((lines - 96 * nc96) / 24 + half)
    if nc24 < 0 then nc24 = 0
    196 = min(96 * nc96, lines)
    124 = lines - 196
    cost = ac96 * nc96 + bc96 * 196 + ac24 * nc24 + bc24 * 124
    if cost < mincost then
      mincost = cost
      min96 = nc96
      min24 = nc24
    end if
  next
  nc96 = min96
  nc24 = min24
  tl_terminal_cost_fn = mincost
else
```

terminal.pas

```
nc96 = 0
nc24 = 0
tl_terminal_cost_fn = zero
end if
.

function drop_terminal_cost_fn
passed variables:
lines
density
pct_ugd
pct_bur
pct_aer
local variables:
i
temp

temp = zero
if lines < 1.0e-6 then
  drop_terminal_cost_fn = zero
else
  temp = zero
  for i = 1 to NumDropTerminalSizes
    if lines >= DropTermCost[i].size then
      temp = pct_ugd * DropTermCost[i].CostUgd
        + pct_bur * DropTermCost[i].CostBur
        + pct_aer * DropTermCost[i].CostAer
    end if
  next
  drop_terminal_cost_fn = temp
end if
```

sch.pas

```
sch.pas

is only procedure used outside of this module is calculate_feeder_technology

procedure calculate_feeder_technology
  passed variables:
    feeder_distance
    i
    density
    FillFactor
    *technology
    *n2016
    *n672
    *n96
    *n24
    pct_ugd
    pct_bur
    pct_aer

  local variables:
    n
    tmp1
    tmp2
    tmp3
    c26
    c24
    ct1
    cf
    i26
    i24
    it1
    lf
    uc
    bc
    ac
    uf
    bf
    af

    n2016 = 0
    n672 = 0
    n96 = 0
    n24 = 0
    technology = copper26

    SA_array[i].fiber_terminal_cost = zero
    SA_array[i].t1_terminal_cost = zero
    SA_array[i].interface_cost = zero

    SA_array[i].n2016 = 0
    SA_array[i].n672 = 0
    SA_array[i].n96 = 0
    SA_array[i].n24 = 0
    SA_array[i].nc96 = 0
```

tech.pas

```
SA_array[i].nc24 = 0

126 = SA_array[i].ResLines / FillFactor
  *(SA_array[i].BusLines - 11 / 12 * SA_array[i].SwitchedDSI
  - 11 / 12 * SA_array[i].SpclAccessDSI) / FillFactor

126 = 126

it1 = (SA_array[i].ResLines / FillFactor + SA_array[i].BusLines / FillFactor)
  * t1_redundancy_factor / 12

tmp1 = call fiber_terminal_cost_fn
  pass variables:
    lines = SA_array[i].lines / FillFactor
    distance = feeder_distance
    density = SA_array[i].density
    *n2016 = n2016
    *n672 = n672
    *n96 = n96
    *n24 = n24
    pct_ugd = pct_ugd
    pct_bur = pct_bur
    pct_aer = pct_aer

  tmp1 = tmp1 * so_fib_term
  if = (n2016 + n672 + n96 + n24) * 4 / FiberFillFactor

  { Calculate provisional terminal costs. Note that the terminal cost fns use DSI
  equivalent lines, so we need the fill factor, but not DSI calculations. }

tmp2 = call t1_terminal_cost_fn
  pass variables:
    lines = SA_array[i].lines / FillFactor
    *nc96 = nc96
    *nc24 = nc24

  tmp2 = tmp2 * so_t1_term
  tmp3 = zero

for n = 1 to NumICBoxSizes
  if 126 >= IntfcCost[n].NumLines then
    tmp3 = IntfcCost[n].cost
    end if
  next

tmp3 = tmp3*so_edt

{ We will choose feeder technology by least-cost under the assumption that each
SA sends feeder directly to the switch without sharing cable. }

c26 = call feed_cable_cost
  pass variables:
    lines = 126
    density = density
```